

(请根据具体情况选用相关句型, 根据题目和实际情况做一些调整 and 改变, 不建议全盘照搬.)

对比选择型模板一

When it comes to _____ 文章主题 _____, people's opinions differ. Many people believe that _____ 一些人的观点 _____. For one thing, _____ 理由一 _____. For another, _____ 理由二 _____.

Some people, (另一些人反对) however, take a different attitude. They regard that _____ 另一些人的观点 _____. In their opinion, _____ 理由一 _____. Furthermore, _____ 理由二 _____.

As far as I am concerned, _____ 作者自己的观点、看法 _____. On one hand, _____ 观点一 _____. On the other hand, _____ 观点二 _____. So _____ 总结上文 _____.

对比选择型模板二

When asked _____, people have different opinions. Many people believe that _____. On the one hand, _____; on the other hand, _____. All these point to the vitality of _____.

However, others claim / argue that _____. As far as they are concerned, _____. Moreover, _____.

As for me, _____. Because _____. What's more, _____. Therefore, _____.

对比选择型模板三

There is no agreement of opinions among people as to _____. Some people who are in favor of the idea of _____ hold that _____. For

one thing, _____. For another, _____. Therefore, _____.

However, those who insist on _____ argue that _____ . In their opinion, _____. In addition, _____ . Thus _____ .

From my point of view, _____. That is to say, _____. In a word, _____.

对比选择型模板四

There is a heated discussion / debate over _____. It is commonly accepted that _____. In contrast, others think _____.

Those who hold the first/former opinion suggest that _____. In their view, _____. However, others think _____. They argue that _____.

Considering one after another, I stand on the side of _____. First of all, _____. Furthermore, _____. Thirdly, _____. Therefore, _____.

说明利弊题型：这种题型往往要求先说明一下现状，再对比事物本身的利弊，有时也会单从一个角度（利或弊）出发，最后往往要求考生表明自己的态度（或对事物前景提出预测）

1. 说明事物现状
2. 事物本身的优缺点（或一方面）
3. 你对现状（或前景）的看法

Nowadays many people prefer _____ A _____ because it has a significant role in our daily life. Generally, its advantages can be seen as follows. First ----- (A 的优点之一). Besides ----- (A 的优点之二).

But every coin has two sides. The negative aspects are also apparent. One of the important disadvantages is that -----(A 的第一个缺点). To make matters worse,------(A 的第二个缺点).

Through the above analysis, I believe that the positive aspects outweigh the negative ones. Therefore, I would like to ------(我的看法).

(From the comparison between these positive and negative effects of A, we should take it reasonably and do it according to the circumstances we are in. Only by this way, ------(对前景的预测).)

Nowadays, there is a widespread concern over (the issue that)___作文题目____.

In fact, there are both advantages and disadvantages in __题目议题____.

Generally speaking, it is widely believed there are several positive aspects as follows. Firstly, __优点一_____. And secondly __优点二_____.

Just As a popular saying goes, "every coin has two sides", __讨论议题_____ is no exception, and in another word, it still has negative aspects. To begin with, __缺点一_____. In addition, __缺点二_____.

To sum up, we should try to bring the advantages of __讨论议题_____ into full play, and reduce the disadvantages to the minimum at the same time. In that case, we will definitely make a better use of the __讨论议题_____.

万能句型

I. 点明主题的常用句型

(1) Should / what...? Opinions of / Attitude toward ... vary widely / greatly from person to person. Some think of / regard / view ... as Others argue / believe / claim

(2) When asked about ..., different people have different opinions on ...

(3) There is an argument / much disagreement of opinions among people concerning / over / as to / on ...

(4) Nowadays, people are divided on the question as to whether ...

(5) The issue / question of whether or not ... has been widely argued / debated currently.

(6) Nowadays the rapid development of ... has given rise to the issue of whether ...

(7) ... has become a heated topic among people today. Opinions vary from person to person.

II. 陈述观点 1 常用句型:

(1) Some people suggest (/ maintain / think / believe / argue / feel / hold the opinion) that ...

(2) Some people tend to think that ...

(3) Those who criticize / object to / oppose ... maintain that ...

(4) Those who are for .../ advocate... / are in favor of ... believe that ...

(5) To the general public / to the majority of people/ to most people, ...

(6) Many people prefer to think that ...

III. 陈述观点 2 常用句型:

(1) However,/ Nevertheless, other people hold a different point of view. They insist that ...

(2) On the contrary / In contrast, there are still many people who do not agree, and

they claim / argue / believe that

- (3) However, other people prefer ...
- (4) However, others think ... is a better choice.
- (5) However, not everyone shares the opinion.

IV “我的观点“ 部分常用句型:

- (1) As to/for me / As far as I am concerned, I'd like to support the former / latter opinion.
- (2) I am in favor of ... / I am on the side of ...
- (3) In my opinion, both sides are partly right / there is some truth in both sides.
- (4) Only after we have taken into consideration all aspects of the problem can we make the right decision.
- (5) From my point of view, /in my opinion / as far as I'm concerned ,I prefer...
- (6) To me, the former opinion is more attractive in that(因为) ...

2 列举优点的句型

The biggest advantage is that...

In spite of the side effects, it has its beneficial effects.

3 列举缺点的句型

However, just as everything has two sides, _____ also has many disadvantages.

Of course, the disadvantages can not be ignored.

However, the negative aspects are also obvious.

4 连接词语

Firstly,... Secondly,... In addition, What's more,

First of all,... Next, Besides,... Last but not least

To begin with,... To make matters worse,... Worst of all,...

对比选择型作文模板+范文

模板一

Topic: _____

1 Different people have different views on _____.

2 It is held by some _____.

3 But it is held by others _____.

4 Those who hold the first opinion think _____.

5 In their view, _____.

6 In contrast, others think _____.

7 They argue that _____.

8 As for me, I agree with /to _____.

9 admittedly, _____.

10 Further more, _____.

11 Finally, _____.

12 In conclusion, _____.

信息提示:

1: 两种观点针对的问题或现象

2: 观点一

3: 以观点一对立的观点二

4: 观点一的理由

5: 深入阐述观点一的理由

6: 观点二的理由

7: 深入阐述观点二的理由

8: 我的看法

9: 个人看法的依据一

10: 个人看法的依据二

11: 个人看法的依据三

12: 个人的结论

模板二

topic: _____

- 1 There is a pair of opposite ideas on _____.
- 2 Some people consider _____.
- 3 However, others think _____.
- 4 Some people may say _____.
- 5 They hold this view because _____.
- 6 In contrast, others believe _____.
- 7 They argue that _____.
- 8 As to me, I am in favor of _____.
- 9 First, _____.
- 10 second, _____.
- 11 The most important of all _____.
- 12 In a word, _____.

信息提示:

- 1: 两种观点针对的问题或现象
- 2: 提出观点一
- 3: 提出以观点一对立的观点二
- 4: 观点一及观点一的理由
- 5: 深入阐述观点一的理由
- 6: 观点二及观点二的理由
- 7: 深入阐述观点二的理由
- 8: 我的看法
- 9: 个人看法的依据一
- 10: 个人看法的依据二
- 11: 个人看法总的依据三或依据三

12: 个人的结论或文章的结论

模板三: .Topic:_____

1. When asked about _____, different people will offer different opinions.
2. Some people take it for granted that _____.
3. However, others hold _____.
4. Some people think _____.
5. In their opinion, _____.
6. While others maintain _____.
7. They believe _____.
8. For my part, I prefer _____.
9. For one thing, _____.
10. For another, _____.
11. Therefore, _____.
12. It may be safe to say _____.

信息提示:

- 1: 两种观点针对的问题或现象
- 2: 提出观点一
- 3: 提出与观点一对立的观点二
- 4: 观点一及观点一的理由
- 5: 深入阐述观点一的理由
- 6: 观点二及观点二的理由
- 7: 深入阐述观点二的理由
- 8: 我的看法或偏好
- 9: 个人看法的依据一
- 10: 个人看法的依据二
- 11: 个人的结论

12: 文章的结论

范文一:

Directions: For this part you are allowed thirty minutes to write a composition on the topic: Is Test of Spoken English Necessary? You should write at lest 120 words, and base your composition on the outline (given in China) below:

1. 很多人认为有必要举行英语口语考试, 理由是.....
2. 也有人持不同意见;
3. 我的看法和打算.

范文一: 采用模板一

Is Test of Spoken English Necessary?

Different people have different views on a test of spoken English. It is held by some that adopting such a test in China is absolutely necessary. But it is held by others that it is unnecessary. Those who hold the first opinion think that fluent spoken English is badly needed in today's society. In their view, a test of spoken English will bring the importance of oral English to the awareness of college students. In contrast, others think that good reading and writing skills will be enough for English learners' task performance. They argue that fluent spoken English does not necessarily mean a better future.

As for me, I agree with the former. Admittedly, the test can encourage students to try every means to improve their spoken English. Further more, the ability to speak English fluently is a must for us in a highly competitive society. Finally, I think that the test will help a lot in my job-seeking. In conclusion, a test of spoken English is necessary.

范文二: 采用模板二

Is Test of Spoken English Necessary?

There is a pair of opposite ideas on test of Spoken English. Some people consider it absolutely necessary to adopt a test of spoken English in China. However, others think that is unnecessary. Some people may say that is a shame for a Chinese college student with over ten years' learning cannot even communicate with a native English speaker. They hold this view because a test of spoken English will bring the importance of oral English into the awareness of college students. In contrast, others believe that many people do not speak English at all work. They argue that college students are already under considerable pressure from their courses.

As for me, I am in favor of the former opinion. First, the test can encourage college students to improve their oral English. Second, the ability to speak English fluently is a must for anyone in the more open society. The most important of all, the test will urge me to study harder. In a word, the test of spoken English is necessary.